The President,
Army War College,
Sir:-

- 1. In obedience to your instructions the Joint Committee, convened by Memorandum Order, dated February 2, 1907, from the Office of the President, Army War College, submits the following recommendations pertaining to the character and control of advance base material.
 - 2. The approval of the Chief of the Staff of the Army, and of the General Board of the Navy, has been given to the that each service should have two or more identical sets of advanced base material. This, therefore, is the foundation of any further conclusions to be reached.

3. The scope of the defense does not appear to have been closely

defined anywhere in the correspondence regarding advanced bases, and the Committee therefore offers the following as its understanding in this par-Carriet Bolon life 12.3 ticular. The defense must be quickly installed; this prevents the use as advanced base material of guns so heavy that they can not be transported with comparative ease, and also prevents the use of guns that demand platforms of permanent nature requiring considerable time for their construction. The 6 inch gun is believed to be the largest gun that can be used, and, as a matter of fact, the Navy has settled upon the 5 mm gun as the largest caliber to be mounted for this purpose. Accepting this limitation, it follows that an advanced base gun defense can not avail against armored ships. and can only be considered effective against unarmored ships. But it is possible by the aid of mines to prevent the entrance of armored ships, and for the gun protection of the mine fields 5 inch guns and smaller are sufficient under the circumstances. For the further protection of mine fields search-

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lights are necessary. In certain cases a mine defense will be impracticable because of great depths or strong currents, in which case automobile torpedo pedoes will be needed. A boom will be a great protection against torpedo craft. A wireless telegraph outfit and day and night signaling outfits and telegraph and telegraph lines for communication the elements of the main elements of the material defense on the side of the sea will thus consist of:

- (a) guns (not heavier than 6 inch) 5-inch and smaller.
- (b) submarine mines.
- (c) search-lights,
- (d) automobile torpedoes.
- (e) boom
- (f) wireless telegraph and signaling outfits, and telegraph and letephone lines .
- fields remain in tact. It can keep out unarmored ships by the use of guns and the mine fields. Attack by torpedo craft can be met by guns, mines and the boom. If mines be impracticable, automobile torpedoes will take their place to a certain extent, and will be useful in any event.
- b. On the land side there should be guns capable of commanding possible landing places and the approaches to the emplacements of the heavier fixed guns. A certain amount of mobile field artillery is thus desirable.

6. Such a defense as is cutlined can only be considered sufficient

The immediate defence of the base new only be along among to with stand attacks of the raid by the enemy for the reason that a the safety of the advanced base must depend finally upon the fleet, which will either be close enough at hand to guarantee its safety; or if at a distance will be keeping the fleet of the enemy so occupied that no serious attack can be made by him. The immediate defense of the base small be strong enough to care for any enterprise possible to the enemy under the circumstances.

7. The sequence of events in the acquisition of an advanced base would seem to be as follows. The Navy, unaided by the army, will seize and fortify the base, garrisoning it with the expeditionary force of marines, carried in their own transports. What is inserted the Navy at the defenses of the base, releasing the expeditionary force of marines for such further duty as the naval commander-in-chief may have for them and taking over the material installed. The Army should being with it its own outfit of advanced base material who should then become subject to the order of the Navy. This will involve simply the exchange chance of having identical outfits is

8. In view of the foregoing the Committee has the honor to submit to the War College as a basis for further work on advanced base material the following recommendations:

- separately packed and stored in readiness for immediate use, two complete, identical advanced base outfits (four in all), each department to keep one on the Atlantic coast and one in the Philippines.
- guns as soon as such can be obtained for this purpose, and that meantime no gun heavier than 6 inch be temporarily adopted.
- (C) 3rd. That guns of smaller caliber be also of Navy type, including
- (A) ash. That the mounts, ammunition, equipment and accessories of guns

be of the Navy type for the guns to be used.

(c) That field and machine guns where in the trops from a games with the trops from the authority of the type in use in the Army.

- (9) The That automobile torpedoes be of the type in use in the Navy.
- (h) That the portable search lights and generators be of the Army type.
- (1) ath. That wireless telegraph outfits be of the portable types wast
- (R) 48th. That heliographs be of the Army type.
- (1) That the flags (International and Navy Codes) be of size No.1

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- (Wig wag and torch, Army type; Ardes and semaphor; Navy type).
- a design to be prepared by the Navy.
- carriages, derricks, portable railway material, material for magazines, portable railway material, material for magazines, portable railways, etc., be provided on the same specifications, to be agreed on in consultation by the War and Navy Departments.
 - shall take over from the Navy the outfit installed, and shall give over

 to the Navy in exchange its own outfit, which shall as far as circumstances

 permit, be delivered to the custody of the Navy at such time and place as

 the Naval Gommandor in Chief may elect. Proper receipts will be given

 in detail if time permits; otherwise en block subject to inventory and

 where the Army does not be probable. Shall be procedure would be similar to be probable. Shall be procedure would be similar to be probable. Shall be the procedure would be similar to be probable.

(9) Histo. Each outfit shall consist of the following articles (Note: To

queral principles and the studies recommended in the following paragraph has
be decided after the general principles are agreed upon):-

arrangement whereby the Navy should own and control all advanced base material might be preferable. The seizure of one harbor for an advanced

base is a very probable operation; the third seizure of harbors for such a purpose would depend upon circumstances. In almost any circumstances the Navy will be present when a base is seized, and the argument is strong that the Navy should control the material until it is installed and the Army personnel can come to undertake the defense of the base. It is almost equally certain, on the other hand, that the Army will not, and can not, be present at the seizure of a base; the material for its defense will not come into the hands of the Army until it is installed. It is recognized that reasons of expediency such as securing the necessary appropriations, and of accountability perhaps, though this latter does not seem surficient, where the weight in bringing about the original determination be have each service provided with identical sets of material; but doubts are felt in the Committee that any military necessity therefor exists.

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of two or three typical harbors to determine what number of guns, mines,

torpedoes, and searchlights, will be needed at each, so that the minimum necessary

amount of these names articles may be known as a basis for lists of

advanced base material. The length of boom defense should also be determined. In a similar way.

There is one matter in connection with advanced base work to which the Committee feels that the early attention of the Colleges and of proper superior authority should be invited. When the Army garrisons and advanced base, the garrison should consist in part of men trained in heavy artillery, mine, torpedo, and search-light work; in other words of coast artillerymen. The problem of furnishing these men is one to be solved Thought beforehand. It first blush it might seem that the marines are the troops for this function, and the circumstances of a war might possibly be such that the marines could be left at the base during the entire course of the war. This contingency is improbable, however, and the Committee believes it to be wrong in principle to formulate any scheme that will immobilized the marines for any great length of time. They from the amphibious force of the marine for any great at the disposal of the government, and to confine their activities to the land as a permanent garrison for a fortified place would be a sortified by a sortified place would be a sortified by a sortified place would be a sortified by a sortified by a sortified place would be a sortified by a s deprive them of half their usefulness. Hence, as has been assumed through-

thereby

out this paper, the Army will come to relieve the Marines at as early a moment as possible. When it comes, the trained coast artillerymen must be a considerable part of the detachment.

/2. Appended to this paper will be found a memorandum outlining the history of the movement toward getting identical advanced base material for the two services.

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